THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1772.] THE [NUMB. 1536.]

NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

Aſſize of BREAD, publiſhed 18th of Dec. 1771.

Flour at 22*ſ.* 9*d.* per Ct.

A White Loaf of fineſt Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz. for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11 for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	8*s.* od.	Beef per Barrel	45*s.* od.
Flour——	21*s.* 6d.	Pork	4*l.* 0*s.* od.
Brown Bread	22*s.* od.	Salt	2/6 to 10d.
Weſt-India Rum	3*s.* 8d.	Bohea Tea	4*s.* od.
New-England ditto	2*s.* 6d.	Chocol. per Doz.	18*s.* od.
Muſcovado Sugar	52*s.* 0ds.	Bees Wax	1*s.* 9d.
Single refin'd ditto	1*s.* od.	Indian Corn	4/6 Buſhel
Molaſſes	1*s.* 8d.	Wood	22*s.* to 35*s.* od.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN's RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

	☽'s Age.	High Water.	riſes ☉ H. M.	ſets ☉ H.	
THURSDAY	10	6	after 4 32	before 8	
FRIDAY	11	7	4 32	8	
SATURDAY	12	7	4 32	8	
SUNDAY	13	8	4 32	8	Full ☽ Monday 5 Morn.
MONDAY	○	9	4 32	8	
TUESDAY	15	10	4 31	8	
WEDNESDAY	16	11	4 31	8	

Days 14 Hours 56 Min. the 11th.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

(*To be drawn under the Inſpection of a Number of reputable Citizens.*)

FOR raiſing the ſum of three hundred pounds, towards diſcharging the expences of a market lately erected at the corner of Maiden Lane, near the place where the old Oſwego-market ſtood, in the Broad-Way. The Lottery to conſiſt of two thouſand five hundred tickets, at two dollars each; the prizes ſubject to fifteen per cent. deduction.

1 Prize	of	- -	200 Dol.	is	300 Dol.
1	-	- -	250	- -	250
1	-	- -	200	- -	200
1	-	- -	150	- -	150
2	-	- -	100	- -	200
4	-	- -	50	- -	200
8	-	- -	25	- -	200
10	-	- -	10	- -	100
846	-	- -	4	- -	3384
1	First drawn,		8	- -	8
1	Laſt drawn,		8	- -	8
876 Prizes,					5000 Dol.
1624 Blanks,					
2500 Tickets, at two dollars each, is					5000 Dol.

N. B. Not two blanks to a prize.

Tickets to be had of Nicholas G. Bogert, Henry Roome, Jonathan Lawrence, and all the neighbours about the market.

The drawing will commence the firſt of July next, or ſooner, if full 36 39 New-York, May 15, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the Townſhip of Mansfield, Burlington county, Weſt New-Jerſey, the 24th of this inſtant May, a negro man named Briſtol; he is pretty black, has thick lips, and a hitch in his walk, is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, ſlim built: Had on, when he went away, a dark brown cloth coat, with pinchbeck buttons, Jacket of a lighter colour, with wooden buttons; a beaver hat, about two thirds worn, white ſhirt, white Jane Breeches, yarn or worſted hoſe, brown colour; thin ſhoes with buckles, and is very ſubject to drink. Whoever takes up ſaid runaway, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's Goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have thirty ſhillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

PETER TALLMAN.

May 29, 1772. 36 39

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Governors of King's College, in the City of New-York, that they are deſired to meet at the Houſe of ROBERT HULL, in the Broad-Way, on Thurſday the Eleventh Day of June Inſtant, at Six o'Clock in the Evening. Dated 4th June, 1772. (35 36) LAMBERT MOORE.

CAMPBELL AND GAULT,

Have imported per the London, Captain Chambers, and the laſt Ships from Briſtol, Liverpool and Glaſgow, and are now opening for Sale, at their Store, at the Fly-Market,

A GENERAL aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, among which are, japan'd and hard-ware; a very large aſſortment of the neweſt faſhioned plated candleſticks, ſalvers, plain and fluted tankards, mugs, caſtors, ſalts, &c. &c. with a great variety of ornamental and other china, toys, &c. &c. &c.

*** All which they have purchaſed of the different manufacturers in England, and are determined to diſpoſe of them on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh, by wholeſale or retail. 35 38 *New-York, June 1ſt*, 1772.

A FRESH IMPORTATION.

Juſt imported, in the laſt Veſſels from Europe, an Aſſortment of GOODS *ſuitable to the Seaſon, and will be ſold at a low Advance, by*

ENNIS GRAHAM,

At the Corner of WALL-STREET,

AN aſſortment of hatters trimmings, among which are, bow ſtrings, linings for hats, of different ſorts, very neat buttons and loops, flat and round cocking looping, taſſeled bands, oil-cloth for covering of hats, buff glazed linen for linings, red wooll, jack cards, bruſhes of different ſorts, hooks and eyes, copperas, verdigriſe, needles for looping of hats, blocking twine, ſhop ditto, pumice ſtone and pickers.

Alſo, wiltons, thickſets, fuſtians, white and drab coloured drillings, white ſattinets, India nankeens, brown holland, dowlas, Iriſh linens, Iriſh ſheetings, osnaburgs, ſilk ſtriped damaſcus, for veſts, of different ſorts; India perſians, ditto taffeties, ditto dimities, diapers, black ſilk ſerge duſoy, for veſts and breeches; worſted ditto, ſilk gloves, thread ditto, ſhammy ditto, buckſkin ditto, beaver ditto, cotton callicoes; an aſſortment of ſilk, worſted, and thread hoſe, of different ſorts; worſted breeches patterns, ſilk ditto, of different colours; ſilk veſt patterns embroidered with gold, and ſilver ditto; ſilk prunello, ſilk and hair grograms, hairbinds, hair-barrigons; an aſſortment of trimmings for ſtay makers, aſſortment of ſuperfine and middling broad cloths, forreſt ditto, hunter ditto, ſuperfine caſſimer, ſagathees of different colours, ſcarlet camblet, cloth colour ditto, black crape duroys, calimancoes, beſt rattinets and ſhalloons, durants, tammies, buff ſerge duſoy, black ſerge denim, Manchester and Genoa velvets, feathered ditto, coller ditto, cloth coloured threads of different ſorts, white ditto, quality and hair bindings, cap and apron tapes, ſtay tapes, buckrams, glazed linens, black and coloured Barcelona handkerchiefs, cotton and linen ditto, worſted gartering, beſt ſcarf twiſt, ſewing ſilks of different colours, ſilk garters, ſtraw and worſted buttons, ſilk ditto, gilt and plated ditto, horn molds, check aprons, red tapes to tie up papers, writing paper, ſhammy ſkins, taylors notches, ditto ſheers, ditto irons, knives and forks, livery laces, worſted cord, ſleeve buttons, ſilk ferrets, ſwanſkin for ſaddle-cloths, Whitechapel needles, darning ditto, Wilton carpeting, &c.

An aſſortment of gold and ſilver laces of different ſorts, gold and ſilver garters, rich gold and ſilver epolets with plated bullion fringes, gold and ſilver buttons and loops, hat-bands, gold and ſilver cord, gold and ſilver vellum, gold and ſilver ſpangles for embroidery, gold and ſilver pearl, gold and ſilver thread, gold and ſilver fringes, gold and ſilver taſſels, and many other articles too numerous to mention. 35 38

SELBY and THOMPSON,

Have juſt imported in the laſt Veſſels from Briſtol, a large Aſſortment of Saddlery, which will be ſold on very reaſonable Terms, at their Shop at the Corner of Queen and Wall Streets, near the Merchant's Coffee Houſe, viz.

WHITE, green, blue and croſs-barr'd ſwanſkin
Seat ſerge
Broad and narrow ſaddle lace
Women's worſted reins
Green, blue and ſcarlet pluſh
Mohair, ſaddle fringes of all kinds
Cloth and ſhalloon for carriages
Wilton carpeting
Light drab, green and mixed hammer cloth fringe
Livery lace
Horſe netts
Coach and mane combs ſpunges
Mane combs
Curry combs and horſe bruſhes
Coach water, hard harneſs, oil and buckle bruſhes
Polling ſciſſors
Poliſh'd folding horſe pickers
Dog chains and couples
Fin'd chains, ſtaples and rivets for portmanteaus
Tip'd tyers and ſingle collar rings
Side ſaddle terrets
Leather powder flaſks
——— Bottle ſhot bags
——— Snake belts with ſpring chargers
Hair ſhot pouches
Pocket books
Buff and Morocco ſword belts
Braſs dog collars
Leather do. with braſs plates
Silver mounted and plain horſe-whips
Thongs of all kinds
Silver plated and common ſpurs
Silver plated, poliſhed ſteel and tin'd bitts and ſtirrups of all kinds
No. 16, 18 and 20 ſtraining web
Linen girth do.
Woolen ſurcingle and girth ditto
Body rowler do.
Boot ſtrapping
Steel three inch roller ſurcingle buckles
Steel head, throat and boot ditto
Large and ſmall ſanguine do.
Flat ſet do.
Braſs harneſs and bridle do.
Braſs ſtands and rollers for chaiſe ſaddles
Braſs bridle tops and ſtars
Braſs ſaddle hooks
Braſs ferrets and ſockets for coach houſings
Braſs chaiſe bullions and nails
Braſs padlocks
Scalloping irons
Silvered and yellow tuff nails
Poliſhed crupper loops
Beſt double riveted ſaddle trees
Saddlers ſtrainers, cutting knives, punches and pricking irons
4 oz. 8 oz. and 14 oz. tacks, 4d. and 3d. clout nails, and ſundry articles of ironmongery

N. B. Phætons, chaiſes, chairs and harneſs, made, of every kind, and the ſaddling buſineſs in all its branches, carried on in the compleateſt manner. 35 38

BILES ISLAND LOTTERY.

WHEREAS the 25th day of May was appointed to begin drawing this lottery, the managers have thought proper it ſhould be poſtponed to the 6th day of July next, at which time the drawing will abſolutely begin. As there yet remains a ſmall number of tickets unſold, thoſe who chooſe to become adventurers are deſired to apply in time.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 3.

IT is reported here that Ali Bey has ſworn fidelity to the Ruſſians, and that by the help of their fleet, he has taken the iſle of Cyprus, and has given them a port on it; and that the Ruſſians having now a free navigation in all the ports of Egypt, are furniſhing themſelves with proviſions from Alexandria. It is ſaid that the Grand Vizier has called the famous Cara Oſman Oglou, formerly Governor of Smyrna, to be about his perſon.

We have received accounts here, that Prince Heraclius has broken the truce which he had agreed to with the Porte, and joined the Ruſſians.

Feb. 17. No leſs than five fires have happened here within the ſpace of fifteen days, by which ſeveral thouſand houſes have been reduced to aſhes.

Warſaw, March 11. Notwithſtanding tranquility ſeems again eſtabliſhed in Lithuania, it is not ſo here; for it ſeems as if a freſh attempt was apprehended againſt our ſovereign's life. The Ruſſians are all night under arms, and have placed piquets in all the ſquares, and cannon in all the ſtreets; the caſtle guard has been reinforced with 100 men; as ſoon as it is duſk chains are put acroſs the gates, and no perſon in a carriage is ſuffered to enter after eight o'clock, nor on foot after ten. It is ſaid, that theſe meaſures are taking on a report of ſome ſpies who have been arreſted and who report that more than 300 Confederates of Pulawſki's corps are already in the town and that more are expected ſoon. For which reaſon Gen. Bibikow is aſſembling all the troops he can get, and has poſted a party in our ſuburbs.

Hamburgh, March 20. The Court and domeſtics of Queen Carolina Matilda are changed, and at the head of the former is the Lady D'Ahlefeldt. A penſion of 30,000 crowns is ſaid to be aſſigned to her Majeſty: It is added, that the miniſters who were ſent to her at Cronenbourgh the 8th of this month, were with her only a quarter of an hour, being charged with only one queſtion, to which they were to receive her anſwer. They returned on the 13th, but it is not confirmed that they were attended by Mr. Keith.

LONDON,

March 31. A few days ſince, 60 bags of cochineal, the produce of Weſt Florida, were imported at Briſtol from Penſacola.

April 1. It is certain that very diſagreeable advices are arrived from the Eaſt-Indies. Our people having diſcovered that there was a treaty of alliance between the French and the King of Tanjour, hoſtile to the Engliſh, they had taken an opportunity to attack that Prince, and are actually beſieging the capital of his country. Tanjour is one of the fineſt provinces of the Eaſt; it is as large as Bengal, and much richer, having many gold mines, and all the diamonds. But it is not probable the natives, who are acquainted with our oppreſſions, will ſubmit to our government. A greater power than we can oppoſe may be ſelected, and it is feared, will be employed againſt us. Leagues between the country Princes and the Court of Dehli are forming, in order to diſpoſſeſs us of Bengal at laſt: And, if whiſpers are true, ſeveral very intelligent perſons belonging to the Company, confeſs the ſituation of their affairs in the Eaſt-Indies to be very precarious, if not dangerous.

April 3. Yeſterday the Hon. Houſe of Commons agreed to the report of their reſolution of Wedneſday for granting 1,800,000*l.* to his Majeſty, to be raiſed by loans or Exchequer bills, to be charged the firſt aids to be granted in the next Seſſions of Parliament, and ordered in a bill purſuant to their ſaid reſolution.

It is certain that Lord Townſhend has declined having any reinforcement from Scotland. This ſtep of his Lordſhip has given birth to much ſpeculation, as we have yet no authentic account of the motions of General Gisborne, much leſs that any thing deciſive has paſt.

April 4. Letters from Peterſburgh adviſe, that a new beaver hat manufactory was juſt eſtabliſhed there under the patronage of the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

Letters from Copenhagen adviſe, that Col. Keith, Envoy extraordinary from England at that Court, having demanded a private audience of the King of Denmark, in order to communicate to him certain overtures he had received from the King his maſter relative to the late revolution, and a day being appointed for that purpoſe, Mr. Keith was much ſurpriſed, upon coming into the audience chamber, to find, inſtead of the King, ſome Members of his Council of State, who intimated to him, that his Majeſty not being very well, he had charged them to receive what he had to communicate, and give him an account of it. Mr. Keith made anſwer, that the orders he had received from his Maſter were to ſpeak to the King in perſon, and not the Miniſters; and that he was not a little ſurpriſed that after his Daniſh Majeſty had conſented to give him the audience he demanded, he ſhould refer him to his Miniſters, which he ſhould not fail to acquaint the King his Maſter with; after which he retired very much diſſatisfied with his reception. Theſe letters add, that Mr. Keith had declared in a very ſpirited manner, that

if the Queen of Denmark is not treated with all the respect due to her birth and rank, the King his Master will not fail to resent it.

By letters from Pensacola there is advice, that the French have possessed themselves entirely of the Spanish trade at New Orleans.

Some Spanish Agents, as we are credibly informed, are now very busy in engaging British ship-carpenters to go over to Cadiz, to be employed in the dock-yards of that kingdom.

Notwithstanding what has been said about the neutrality of the King of Prussia, in the Denmark affair, it is now known to some of our people in administration, that should Great Britain proceed to vindicate the cause of the unfortunate Danish Queen by war, the above active Potentate would immediately declare himself an advocate for the Queen Dowager. This, it is said, is the reason why our Ministry are so cautious in their proceedings.

They write from the Continent, that the despotic proceedings of the Court of Denmark are so little approved, and the Queen thought of in so favourable a light, that if she was divorced, she would not be thought an unworthy Consort for the heir to the Empire. Some hints of which, it is said, have been thrown out in a proper place.

The orders at the several dock yards in this kingdom are, that the men be kept constantly at work for three months to come, and that every speedy measure be taken for putting our Navy upon the most respectable footing. This, it is said, has caused some little conversation between Prince Mazerino and Lord North, but each had address enough to give perfect Satisfaction to the other.

It is very apparent that the French are now meditating some great stroke, it is well known that their solicitude about the possession of the island of Corsica is redoubled. The courts of Versailles and Madrid were never on better terms, the Spanish Monarch is caressed and his acquaintance courted by all the noblesse of France; great fleets are fitting out at almost every port of France and Spain, a new treaty is now forming with the Algerines, and a loan of two millions negociating at the Hague, and that they are now carrying on a secret treaty with the court of Copenhagen is too apparent to to be denied. These are facts, which though strove to be hid and contradicted, are well known to most of the administration. It is the characteristic of the French nation to be perfidious and ambitious; it is the part of the English to chastise them; and it is to be hoped that the spirit of the British nation will rise, unrepressed, and superior to all their artifices.

The following is an account of the origin of the riots in the county of Antrim, in Ireland.—"About the end of the year 1770, the Earl of Donnegal, who is proprietor of a very great estate in that county, granted a lease of all his lands there, at the old rent, (which was very low) to Messrs. Greg and Cunningnam, of Belfast, for which, it is said, he received, as a premium, upwards of 100 cool. These gentlemen began to raise the rents on the farmers very considerably, though not unreasonably, which so provoked them, that in January 1771, a great multitude of people came into Belfast on a Sunday night, about 7 o'clock, some with fire arms others with pitch forks, &c. and with them a gallows and ropes to hang Greg and Cunningham; but they, being timely informed of the design of the mob, had fled: the rabble, disappointed in not finding them, threatened to set fire to their houses, unless the three justices of the Peace, who were then in the barracks, under the protection of two companies of the Royal Highlanders, would set at liberty two rioters confined there the day before. This demand not being immediately complyed with, they set fire to the houses, went to the barracks, and fired on the soldiers; but, as I am informed, did not hurt any; The fire was returned, by order of the magistrates, and two of the mob killed. The soldiers afterwards took many of them prisoners, which were tried, but the jury durst not bring them in guilty. This caused an act of Parliament to be passed, empowering government to try the Northern insurgents in Dublin."

Letters from Dublin inform us, that some parties of insurgents, in the north of that county, had divided, and were travelling to more distant parts, ransacking all the villages in their way, and committing the most extreme cruelty upon such of the unfortunate inhabitants as made any attempt to secure their property.—Surely it would be better to relieve this poor misguided people, than to suffer them to serve themselves, or to cut them in pieces.

April 7. It is a fact, that the Danes are so enraged against the English, that all the messengers who have of late gone from this Court to theirs, have by the express orders of Col. Keith, kept within his Excellency's doors during their stay at Copenhagen, and never once entered into the streets, for fear of being insulted by the mob.

Thomas Bennet was ordered for transportation for stealing several silver spoons at an entertainment. He is possessed of an estate of 200l. a year, and 4000l. in cash, which he has assigned over in trust to his son.

The peace which was looked upon as so near, between the Russians and the Porte is now considered very different; and it is thought there will be another campaign. The Turkish Divan will absolutely not accept of the conditions proposed by Russia.

A letter from Hamburgh dated March 27, says, that the Danish Ministry is not a little embarrassed to find out how to satisfy Col. Keith, the British Minister at Copenhagen, who has demanded a categorical answer in the name of the King his master, concerning the fate of the Queen. The King of Denmark will soon go to Holstein, and during his absence the Counts de Struensee and de Brant will be executed. [*This is the latest advice.*]

The 3d of April a motion was made in the House of Commons in behalf of his Majesty's Protestant Dissenting subjects, relating to the subscription to the 39 articles; and a bill was ordered for their relief.

The Earl of Hillsborough gave notice a few days since, in the house of Peers, that he had an important motion to make in the course of a few days, relating to the present situation of affairs in America. [*A new Scheme of Oppression no doubt.*]

They write from Jamaica that a Spanish frigate has taken three sloops belonging to Rhode Island, and carried them into the Havannah.

One Dankaert, a Dutchman, who had engrossed a considerable quantity of corn, near Nieuport in Flanders, was, on the 15th of last month, seized by a numerous mob, who pulled down his house, after dividing his corn and other provisions, and carried him down to the sea coast, where they tied his hands behind him, and put him into a small old fishing boat, and towed him out to sea, where they left him to die that death, which, they said, he had been the means of inflicting on several of his neighbours.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Dublin, March 31.

"*The defeat of the regular troops, by the northern insurgents, has thrown us into the utmost consternation. Business in general, but more particularly the linen, is entirely at a stand, the people of the province of Ulster carrying on more of that manufacture than all the kingdom beside. Sorrow is depicted in the countenance of every individual, fearing that our exports for the different fairs on your side the water cannot be supplied for the ensuing year (supposing the manufacturers were to use the utmost industry) occasioned by this long and ill judged idleness. Their former risings, under the name of Hearts of Oak, were on account of tythes, when the clergy were obliged to take shelter within the walls of Derry; now, under that of Hearts of Steel, by reason of the dearness of provisions, and the oppressions of the land-holders. What adds more to our consternation is, that they are mostly composed of disbanded soldiers; all the rest, being Protestants, are fully provided with fire arms, the law allowing their keeping of them. There are at least 12,000 of them on foot. The parliament has done all in its power to suppress them, but no effect.*"

April 8. We hear from the Isle of Sky, on the Western coast of Scotland, that near seven hundred of the inhabitants of that island are now preparing to emigrate for America. One vessel is already freighted to carry out three hundred persons, and the remainder are to follow them in June and July, after they have disposed of their cattle and effects. The great advance in rents of late has occasioned their taking the resolution of leaving their native country for ever.

April 9. On Tuesday the Bill for the better relief of the Protestant Dissenters was read the first time, and ordered to be read a second time on Friday next, and to be printed.

The Bill for the better observation of the Lord's Day was read the first time, and ordered to be printed.

Notwithstanding the rumour spread of a peace between Russia and the Porte, there are more Russian men of war now equipping, and others ready to reinforce their squadron in the Mediteranian; and some transports with stores are already gone thither.

April 10. Some disagreeable accounts were received from Ireland on Saturday last, which occasioned a council to be called; the disturbances are daily increasing, and are indeed very alarming.

April 9. It is remarkable that directly after passing the marriage bill for the Royal Family, the Pretender married.

It is said, that two eminent houses in the city, last week, shipped off goods and merchandize, to the West-Indies and North-America, to the amount of 90,000l. sterling.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, March 21.

"Count Struensee has been acquainted that his fate is determined, and that he will lose his head in a few days, being found guilty of every charge that was alledged against him; his brother has been acquainted with the same, and they were both advised to make preparations for death. The day is not yet fixed for their execution, neither is the place pitched upon. As to what is intended to be done with our amiable Queen is yet unknown, as all the proceedings carried on against her are kept a profound secret. The villain, Mr. de Gronicht, who has been the cause of all these troubles, is set at liberty, and sent, with a handsome sum of money, to reside in Germany."

Yesterday a motion was made by the hon. Charles Fox, in the House of Commons, for leave to bring in a bill to repeal the marriage act: After some debates, which lasted till 7 in the evening, the house divided, for the bill 62, against it 91, and the bill was ordered in by a majority of one only.

Yesterday morning part of the baggage of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland set out from Pall Mall for Dover, in order to embark for France.

Private letters from Berlin mention, that a fresh treaty has been just concluded between his Prussian Majesty and the Empress; and that in consequence thereof, orders have been given for the Prussian horse now in Podolia to join the Russian cavalry.

April 12. The King of Prussia has been lately very busy in increasing his military force; and it is thought with an intention of taking a very material part in any war that may possibly take place between Great Britain and Denmark.

The publick need not be in the least apprehensive that a certain young Queen on the continent, will undergo the disgrace of a publick death, notwithstanding the ascendency of of her enemies. If her Majesty dies at all for her imputed offences, it will be suddenly in the night; and it would not even be surprising, if we were told that she committed a suicide in a fit of desperation.

Yesterday morning some very important dispatches arrived at Lord Hillsborough's office from Lord Charles Greville Montague, Governor of South-Carolina, which were brought by the Pallas, Capt. Bayley, and afterwards sent to his Majesty.

It is reported that matters are at length accommodated between our Court and Copenagen; and that the Queen, who is released from her confinement, is visited twice a day by Colonel Keith, the English Ambassador.

It is also reported that the Count de Struensee will be pardoned through the powerful mediation of a respectable maritime power.

Appointed.] *William Montgomery, Esq; to be Captain in the 37th regiment, vice Alexander Stewart promoted.—William St. Clair to be Adjutant of the 17th regiment, vice Thomas Edgar, who retires.*

April 13. The budget will be opened, and the affairs of America will come on in the lower assembly in the course of this week.

The principal insurgents, called Hearts of Steel, or Oak-Boys, have been apprehended and sent to Dublin.—It is said upwards of 1000 families are preparing to set off for America, from Ireland, on account of the troubles in that kingdom.

Warsaw, March 14. *Since the arrival of two couriers at the Russian Ambassador's house here, the news of a peace seems to be vanished; and there is no appearance that this object is not so far advanced as we had wished. A foreign court seems much inclined to favour a peace, but the propositions of Russia are somewhat difficult to accept. According to the preliminaries, Moldavia and Wallachia were to be restored to the Turks. The Tartars of the Crimea and their neighbours were to be declared a free people, exempt from all protection, and their fortresses not to be occupied by foreign troops. Turkey was to pay Russia for the expences of the war 80 millions of ducats of lyons; but Russia will not accept these preliminaries, and hath sent Lieutenant General Elmpt, with a body of 12,000 men, which joined to that of General Romanius, who is near Slonim, Brezc, and Pinsk, will reinforce the Russian army considerably.*

Poland is also comprised in these preliminaries. The Confederacy is to cease for the future its operations. The nation to hold a free Diet, unrestrained by any foreign troops; and the Government of the Republick is to be regulated and established on a lasting foundation.

Waterford, April 7. By a private letter from a gentleman in the north to his friends in this city, we learn, that whole villages have embarked at the different ports there for America, and that numbers of others were preparing to follow their example; so that in a short time we shall see that once flourishing province reduced to beggary, and entirely depopulated.

Dublin, April 7. A remarkable anecdote recorded by Diodorus Siculus.—The affectionate King Sabacon, shocked at the useless effusion of blood in those capital punishments which were so frequently inflicted in his country, and finding the number of robbers no otherwise diminished than by the loss of his subjects, the cause still remaining, converted their punishment to slavery, and that with so happy an effect, that robberies were scarcely heard of, while the publick imperceptibly grew enriched by those very hands which had formerly plundered private persons; and strong useful limbs were confined in chains to serve those with whom they once enjoyed privileges in common, which now they had so justly forfeited. [*The insinuation here intended seems to be, that the government ought avowedly to make slaves of all refractory persons who oppose their arbitrary measure;—and that the people must necessarily become slaves, whether they do, or do not submit to, or resist the measures of government! The redressing of grievances is not the present mode of silencing complaints.*]

April 10. We are informed that Mr. Hannyngton, with a party of the light horse, seized two of the principal leaders, not only among these rioters, but those of the year 1763; their names are Graham and M'Holm, together with two others, who are now confined in Dungannon.

NEW-LONDON, *May 9.*

Capt. Josiah Burnham, who arrived here last Friday from St. Vincents, on his passage the 20th instant, in lat. 38, long. 70, 40, saw the wreck of a sloop, bottom upwards, her keel considerably bruised as if she had lain much on the ground, her mast and bowsprit hanging to her by some rigging; the mast appeared to have been cut away near the deck, the bowsprit white as a new one, her bottom pitch, or pitch and sulphur; she appeared to be about 80 tuns, and lately wrecked. Capt. Burnham's boat being out of repair he could make no further discovery.

NEW-HAVEN, May 5.

Last Tuesday evening, between ten and eleven o'clock, the ship Polly, lying at the pier in our harbour, was discovered to be on fire between decks, which had got to so great a head, that it could not be extinguished.—It being high water, and the vessel light, she was towed, by a number of Boats, near the shore, where she was almost entirely consumed. It is not certainly known how the fire began,

but it is strongly conjectured, that it was occasioned by a spark from a coal, which was carried below to light a candle. Had the accident happened at low water, (when the ship could not have been removed) several others vessels, with the pier, would have been very much exposed.

The ship was owned by Mr. Ralph Isaacs, of this town, and was almost new, having made but one voyage.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 1.

On Saturday the 16th ult. the supreme court for the province of New-Jersey ended, when William Reed was convicted of burglary, and was sentenced to be executed on Saturday the 23d ult. but his Excellency the Governor thought proper to respite him till Saturday last, when he was executed at Burlington, pursuant to his sentence.—He was the same person who was suspected of murdering a negro wench, the property of Mr. Joseph Lippincot, as mentioned some time since in this paper. At the same court, William Morlan, alias William Newman, alias William Blakely, alias John Morlan, was convicted of grand larceny, and burnt in the hand.

Extract of a letter from Trichenopoly, in the East-Indies, dated June 19, 1771.

"I am at present with the General, who, I imagine will soon take the field.—Preparations for war are again making.—You can have no idea, but from the real histories of India, of the numerous independent powers here; 200,000 is but a small black army."

Capt. Eyres, from Lisbon, on the 26th of last month, in lat. 38, 6, long. 71, passed by the wreck of a vessel, bottom upwards, which appeared to be a sloop, about 45 feet keel, with a black bottom, quite clean; her mast and boom were floating by her, but her rudder was gone, and she did not seem to have been long in that condition.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.

The English papers, down to April 18, brought by Capt. Castle, who arrived here yesterday in the afternoon from Falmouth, mention, That the French are now meditating some great stroke—that the Courts of Versailles and Madrid are on the best terms; that great fleets are fitting out in almost every port in France and Spain—That the French are forming a new treaty with the Algerines, carrying on a secret one with Denmark, and negotiating the loan of a very large sum of money at the Hague—That the affront offered by the Danish Councel of State to Sir Robert Keith, it is said, will be highly resented by the Court of Great-Britain—That the British cabinet hath been thrown into great confusion by the discovery of some secret combinations formed by three great powers—That, it it said, the Queen of Denmark, if divorced from her present husband, will be demanded in marriage by the Grand Duke of Russia—That secret advices have been received respecting the apparent designs of a certain power to disturb the tranquility of the American colonies—That a treaty of commerce and alliance is on the point of being settled between the Courts of France and Petersburg—That a fresh treaty hath been concluded between the King of Prussia and the Empress of Russia; in consequence of which the Prussian regiments of horse in Poland, have joined the Russian cavalry—That advice has been received at Lisbon of a very dangerous insurrection having broke out at Rio Janiero, in the Brazils—That a smart skirmish hath happened between 12 soldiers belonging to the garrison of Gibraltar, and a party of Spaniards, in which four of the former and twelve of the latter were killed—That letters from Rome advice, that more than one personal affront has been given there by the Chevalier Steuart (vulgarly called the Pretender) to his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, the particulars of which are variously related—That the Spanish ambassador, at the court of Great-Britain, on the part of his Royal Master, hath strongly remonstrated against any British ships of war entering the South-Seas on the score of making discoveries in that part of the globe—and that after so just and amicable a remonstrance, the King of Spain will be under the absolute necessity of vindicating his own sovereign right to those seas, and consequently shall give orders to seize all ships of war that shall be found making discoveries *in* and *through* the South-Seas, without a special licence from the crown of Spain—That several English men of war are ordered to sail immediately to the Mediterranean, coast of Africa, &c.—That some politicians apprehend, from the present aspect of publick affairs, that Great-Britain will be soon engaged in a war with more than one European power.

We are informed by Captain Castle, that the New-York Packet, Captain Boulderson, was to sail on the 19th of April from Falmouth for New-York.

ALBANY, *June* 1.

We hear that David Ramsey, an Indian Trader, who has resided some Time past to the Westward of Niagara; happened some Time last Spring to be assaulted by, or had a Difference with some of the Natives, a Scuffle ensued in which three of them were killed; these he buried under the Snow, and imagining it was not safe for him to remain longer there, he put his Effects into a Canoe, and retreated with his Brother and an Indian Child their Attendant, to a Place nearer to the Fort at Niagara; he had not been long there until a Party of Indians came to trade with him, to whom (as he understands the Indian Language) he overheard his Attendant relate his Adventure with their Brethren; as it was not possible for him to escape, he ordered his Brother to give them as much Rum as they would drink, hoping they would get intoxicated and give him the Opportunity to get off; however they seized, bound and poured a Pint of Rum down his Throat, then sat down to deliberate in what Manner they should put him to Death; his Brother supplied them plentifully with Rum, and taking the Advantage of its Operation upon their Intellects, secretly conveyed a Knife to him, with it he soon disintangled himself and dispatched four of his Antagonists, together with the Urchin who betrayed him, the rest escaped; he then came and delivered himself up to the Garrison at Niagara, from whence a Party of Soldiers went and brought in his Goods.

A Gentleman, who lately came from Cherry Valley, informs us, that coming down the Mohawk River, he fell in with a Company of Indians, who were on their Way to complain to the Honourable Sir William Johnson, of the above related affair: It is hoped that Sir William's extensive Influence, among the Indian Nations, will produce an Accommodation, and prevent their making Reprisals upon the defenceless Traders and Settlers upon the Frontiers; and, in fine, the unspeakable Calamities of an Indian War.

On Sunday the 24th Ult. James Lipsted, a Grenadier of the 26th Regiment, (the third Division of which was then on their Passage from New York to this City) standing on the Gunwale of the Sloop, Beggars Benison, dandling a Child in his Arms, unfortunately fell overboard; the Sloop being then under Way, the People could give him no Assistance; he kept the Child above Water and swam a great Way, but his Strength failing, he let the Child go, and immediately sunk: The Child was soon after taken up by a Canoe, and having Blood let, perfectly recovered.

On Wednesday last arrived here, the third Division of the 26th Regiment, from New York;—and, on Friday following, the first Division of the first Battalion of Royal Americans, from Montreal, the latter immediately embarked for New-York.

This Morning the third Division of the 26th Regiment began their March for Montreal.

NEW-YORK, *June* 11.

Capt. Harriot, in 20 Days from St. Eustatia, informs us, that Capt. Hodge, in a Sloop of and for this Port, sailed from that Island in Company with him to load Salt at St. Martins.

Capt. Eyem, of the Byron, in 13 Days from Newfoundland, acquaints us, that Capt. Galatian, in a Brig of and for this Port, sailed from thence 5 Days before him. The 30th of May, in Lat. 40, 43, Long. 65, 20, Capt. Eyem spoke with Capt. Harvey, in a Brig from Rhode-Island to Newfoundland.

Tuesday the 4d Inst. the Macaroni Purse of One Hundred Pounds, was run for at New-Market, and won by Capt. De Lancey's Horse Bashaw, beating Mr. Thorn's Mare Rainbow, and Mr. Walters's Horse Slouch: And the next Day, a Purse of Fifty Pounds was won by Mr. Waters's Horse King Herod, beating Capt. De Lancey's Filley.

On Wednesday the 3d Instant, departed this Life, in his 54th Year, JASPER HOUPRAY, Esq; of Spotswood, in the Jersies, where he had resided some Time.—He had the Misfortune about a Week before to dislocate his left Knee, which had given him considerable Pain, and occasioned some Fever; the Day before he died he had been enabled, with the Assistance of a Crutch, to walk about his Works.—He eat a cheerful Supper, but soon after was seized with fainting Fits and expired before any Physical Assistance could be afforded him.—He was a Native of Old Swinford, in Worcestershire, which Place he left a few Years ago, universally regretted by all who knew him, as a real Loss to his County, which he had served in several respectable Characters, and distinguishing himself the Friend of his Country and the Supporter of its Rights and Liberty,—Shewing upon many signal Occasions, during Riots and Commotions, in Times of Scarcity, equal Moderation, Prudence and Resolution to put the Laws in Execution.—In his private Character he emminently possessed the social Virtues,—as a Husband most attentive and affectionate, as a Father most tender and indulgent, as a Friend most cordial, open and sincere.—

Thursday last being the Anniversary of his Majesty's Birth-Day, when he entered the 35th Year of his Age, the same was observed here with the usual Expressions of Loyalty.—In the Evening the City was handsomely illuminated, and some curious Fire-Works played off before the Fort Gate.

On Tuesday the 9th Instant, a Purse of £.50 was run for over the Course at Powles-Hook, which was won by Mr. Waters's Horse Liberty, beating Mr. Cornel's Horse Tulip, and Capt. De Lancey's Horse Poppet.—And on Wednesday the 10th, the Purse of £.50 was won by Mr. Waters's Horse Auctioneer, beating Mr. Cornel's Horse Richmond, Mr. Elsworth's Horse Silverheels and Mr. ——'s Horse.

Tuesday last the Brig Havanna, Capt. John Hamilton, arrived here, in 8 Weeks from Dublin, who, on the 18th May, Lat. 39, 44. Long. 49. spoke with a Brig, Capt. Shaw, 11 Days out from New-York, bound to Lisbon, all well; the 8th Instant, on the Coast, with a Brig, 16 Days out from the Granadaes, bound to Boston; and last Sunday with a Brig from Barbados, bound to London. (The latest News by Capt. Hamilton, from Dublin, to the 11th of April, is in this Paper.)

Lieutenant John Jackson, of his Majesty's 64th Regiment, came Passenger with Capt. Hamilton.

The same Day, the Sloop John and Elizabeth, Capt. Thomas Saunders, arrived in 22 Days from St. Kitts, who on his Passage spoke with the following Vessels, viz. May 30th, Lat. 27, 39, Long. 66, 39, the Sloop Dove, Capt. Jonathan Hills, from South-Carolina, bound to St. Christophers; 3rst, Lat. 28, 23, Long. 67, 21, a Schooner, Capt. Stone, from Demarra, bound to Falmouth, N.E. 12 Days out from St. Eustatia; June 2d, Lat. 36, 39, Long. 68, 14, a Sloop, Captain Barnum, 11 Days from St. Martins, bound to New-London; the 7th, Lat. 37, 18, Long. 71, 19, a Schooner 14 Days from Georgia, bound to Rhode-Island, a Sloop, 7 Days from New-Haven, bound to Hispaniola, and the Sloop Defiance, Captain Smith, 21 Days from Hispaniola, bound to Philadelphia.

The same Day arrived the Sloop Hope, Capt. John Hodge, in 19 Days from St. Martins—who spoke with the following Vessels, viz. June 2d, Lat. 30, 13, the Brig Speedwell, Capt. Cox, 12 Days from the Granades, Outward to Philadelphia; the 7th, Lat. 37, 30, a Brig from Virginia, bound to the Granades, and on the 8th, Lat. 38, 30, with the Sloop ——, Capt. William Smith, from Hispaniola bound to Philadelphia, 10 Days out.

By Letters from New-Orleans, received Yesterday by Capt. Offutt, from Pensacola, we hear that French Vessels are not suffered there, and obliged to return with their Cargoes unsold.—Also, that the French Inhabitants of Louisiana, are so disgusted at the Tyranny they groan under, that most of them will soon quit that Province.

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.

Schooner Two Friends, Richard Blake, Hispaniola; Dove, Benjamin Crane, N. Carolina; Dove, Patrick Stafford, S. Carolina; and Sally, Thomas Clarke, Newfoundland. Sloop Defiance, Jo. Tillinghast, Rhode-Island; Catharine and Mary, W. Nixson, Coracoa; John and Elizabeth, Thomas Sanders, Sandy-Point and St. Christophers; Hope, John Hodge, St. Martins; Elizabeth, Isaac Sherwood, Piscataqua; Pensacola Packet, Alex. Offutt, Pensacola; and Fame, Christopher Laycroft, ditto and S. Carolina. Brig Byron, Arthur Eames, Newfoundland; Polly, John Sibrett, ditto; Helena, Thomas Harriot, Sicily; Havanna, James Hamilton, Dublin.

Outward—Schooner Ichoiden, Benja. Newton, New-Providence; and Good Intent, Henry Riker, N. Carolina. Sloop Humbird, Tho. Cox, Rhode-Island; Defiance, Jo. Tillinghast, ditto; Phœnix, Ed. Tilley, Teneriff; and Jannitye, William Dobbs, Coracoa, Brig Prince of Orange, William Gandall, Virginia. Ship Buchanan, James Moody, Madeira.

Cleared—Ship Chance, Rob. Campbell, London; Hester, J. Bryson, Jamaica; Levant, Caleb Parsons, Newfoundland. Brig Cornelia, Sam. Gilford, Jamaica; Anne, N. Lawrence, Newfoundland; and Anne, Jo. Crew, ditto. Sloop Nonperil, Nicholas Webster, Rhode-Island; Diligence, Ed. M'Katter, Hispaniola; Success, John Williams, Madeira; Mary, Daniel Morgan, Granadaes; and Sally, Peter Whitney, Boston. Schooner Dove, Benj. Crane, N. Carolina; Constant Friends, Gabriel Bryan Teneriff; Susanna, Garrett Mout; and Experiment, John Darrell, Madeira.

ROBERT G. LIVINGSTON, Jun.

INTENDING for England by the first fall ships, requests all those to whom he is indebted to call for their money; and all those whose accounts are due to him, to settle them, and prevent their being put into the hands of an attorney.

He has remaining on hand an assortment of goods, which he will dispose of at a very low price, for cash. 36 39

L. KILBURN'S
PAINT STORE,
At the White Hall, NEW-YORK,
HATH FOR SALE,

WHITE LEAD	Vermillion
Spanish brown	Prussian blue
Yellow oaker	White vitriol
Verdigrise	Spanish whiting
Red lead	Paint brushes
Linseed oil	Window glass 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 9, by 11 10 by 12, 12 by 13, &c. &c. &c. 36 39
White varnish	
Spirits of turpentine	

All as cheap as any body sells in the place.

WILLIAM THORNE,
TAYLOR,
In NEW DUTCH-CHURCH STREET, *opposite Capt.* PETER BERTON'S,

MAKES all sorts of mens clothes in the neatest manner, newest fashion, and with less cloth than any taylor in town, and will charge very low for ready money. He has a few pieces of newest fashioned wiltons, striped bordets, white and cloth coloured Russia drilling, nankeens, four thread breeches pieces, brown linens, black and brown ratinets, shallodas, silk buttons and twist, &c. &c. which he will sell cheap, for ready money.

N. B. He has two or three rooms to let, and would accommodate one or two gentlemen lodgers. 36 39

To be SOLD for want of EMPLOY,

A Handy Negro Girl, about 15 Years of Age, brought up in the Country, has had the Small-Pox, and understands most Sorts of House Work.—Inquire of the Printer hereof. 36 39

WANTS A PLACE,

To wait on a Gentleman, or in a private Family;

A YOUNG man who can produce a good recommendation.—Understands taking care of a horse—would act as a butler or steward in a gentleman's family, or wait at table. He has some skill in musick, and could teach playing on the German flute, guittar and violin. Inquire of the printer. 36 39.

TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD.

TAKEN out of a dwelling-house at Brookline, in the Province of the Massachusetts Bay, on the night of the 29th of May, a Silver Tankard with a flat top, and a coat of arms engraved in the front, a lion rampant with a stag's head for the crest; likewise a large Soup Spoon, and a number of large table Spoons mark'd with the crest a stag's head.

Whoever shall apprehend the thief or thieves, so as the whole may be recovered again, shall receive Twelve Dollars reward, and in proportion for any of the said plate recovered by applying to Green and Russel, Printers in Queen-street, Boston. [Or the Printer hereof in New-York.]

Brookline, June 1, 1772. 36 39

[For more new Advertisements see the first Page.]

POET'S CORNER.

A NEW SONG, of OLD TIMES.

With Swords on their Thighs the bold Youths are seen,
For their Country they arm, their Religion and Queen:
How glorious their Ardour to lay down their Lives,
In Defence of their Freedom, their Children, and Wives!
Ye Tyrants, ye know not what Liberty yields,
How she guards all our Stores and protects all our Fields;
As Hebe she's fair, and as Hercules strong,
She's the Queen of our Birth, and the Joy of our Song.
To Liberty raise then the high cheerful Strain,
Fill the Goblets around to the Lords of the Main;
Elizas Queen, and her brave loyal Band,
Shall drive each Invader far out of the Land.

TUCKER AND BARTOW,

Have removed to the House, between Mr. Peter Van Brunt's and Daniel Gomez, opposite the middle Part of the Bridge, at Burling's-Slip, where they continue to sell in their usual Way, at the lowest Rates;

JAMAICA spirits, Antigua and other island rum
Brandy
Best muscovado, lump and Loaf sugars
Molasses
Tea
Coffee
Chocolate
Pepper
Alspice
Ginger
Cotton wool
Wool cards
Shot of all sorts
Best Scotch snuff
Allum
Brimstone
Logwood and redwood
Fustick
Best French indigo

And a choice parcel of well cleaned CLOVER SEED, Wholesale or retail: Also,
A pair of elegant Pier Glasses, the property of a Gentleman leaving the city. 35 38

WE the subscribers, Trustees for the benefit of the creditors of Henry Guinand, of the city of London, merchant, do hereby give notice, that we are ready to make a dividend among the creditors of the said Henry Guinand, as far as the monies received by us will extend; and do desire all the said creditors to meet at the house of Mr. HULL, Innkeeper, in the Broad-Way, in the city of New-York, on Tuesday the eighteenth day of August next, at four of the clock in the afternoon, in order to have their accounts stated and adjusted, and their dividends paid to them. 35 38

JOHN WEATHERHEAD,
JOHN WATKINS,
JOHN MAUNSELL, } Trustees.
New-York, June 1st, 1772.

WE John Christy and George Charters, insolvent debtors, confined in gaol in the city of Albany, in pursuance of an act of the legislature of this colony, passed the last sessions, entitled, "An act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the colony of New-York, with respect to the imprisonment of their persons;" do hereby give notice, to all and every of our and each of our creditors, that we have filed petitions to the Judges of the inferior court of common pleas, for the city and county of Albany, with accounts and inventories, as directed by the said act, for the inspection of our said creditors, in the clerk's office of the said city and county; and that we intend to apply to the Honourable Volckert P. Douw, and Jacob C. Ten Eyck, Esqrs. two of the Judges of the said court (who will give their attendance at the common council room, in the City-hall of the said city, for that purpose) on Friday the third day of July next, at ten of the clock in the morning, for our several discharges, agreeable to the directions of the said act. Dated the 28th day of May, 1772. 35 38

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

For raising the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, for paying the Arrears, and making up Part of the Loss sustained in Building the Oswego-Market, at the North-River.

To be drawn under the Inspection of a Number of reputable Inhabitants of this City, who will see that strict Justice is done. Hand-Bills will be printed as soon as the Lottery is drawn, and the Prizes punctually paid by Persons whose Names will be mentioned in said Bills.

THE Lottery to consist of 4000 tickets, at 20s. each, subject to a deduction of twelve and an half per cent.

1 Prize of a small farm of 50 Acres of choice good land, lying in the county of Bergen, in the precinct of Hackinsack, near Scralenburg church, the property of Harmanus Tallman, who will give an indisputable title for the same. Value £.350 together with £.50 in cash; is £.400, or 1000 Dol.

2	Ditto of	250 Dol.	are	500
2	Ditto	125		250
4	Ditto	62 and an half		250
5	Ditto	50		250
10	Ditto	37 and a half		375
20	Ditto	25		500
40	Ditto	12 and a half		500
100	Ditto	10		1000
3675	Ditto	5		5375
1259	Prizes,			10,000 Dol.
2741	Blanks.			
4000	tickets, at two dollars and a half each, is,			10,000 Dol.

Only twelve and an half per cent. deduction.

It is hoped, that as the inhabitants of this city in general are well acquainted that the sufferers, or the major part of them, are of the poorer sort of people, that this lottery will meet with encouragement.

The lottery to begin drawing the 25th of July next, or sooner, if full.

Information for tickets by Harmanus Tallman, Cornelius Marshalk, Samuel Ellis, Abraham de Revere, and John Stagg, bricklayer.

N. B. The land prize may be exchanged for cash.

New-York, May 18, 1772. 35 38.

HUGH McINTIRE,
HORSE-SHOER,
(From Philadelphia, where he has given great Satisfaction in his Business, and can be well recommended)

APPLIES himself wholly to the Business of *Shoeing Horses*, which he performs in the best and compleatest Manner,

In LEARY-STREET, at his Shop,
(Lately kept by the noted Stillbrander)
Where the Business in all its Branches, is carried on to as great Perfection and Extent as formerly. 35 38

KEYSER'S PILLS,

As fresh, and genuine as any in America, to be sold by
HUGH GAINE,
At his Book-Store and Printing-Office in Hanover-Square, who will not take upon him to say, he is *the only Person appointed by Doctor Keyser* to vend them in *America*. They are sold in Boxes, at 10s. 20s. and 40s. each, with full Directions. 34 37

JOHN MORTON,

Has removed from near the Fly Market, to the new Brick House lately occupied by Mr. Samuel Loudon, near the Old Slip-Market, on Hunter's-Quay, and has imported by the last Ships from London,

A General assortment of European and India goods proper for the season, with a large and elegant assortment of oval and square guilt and plain fram'd Looking Glasses, Sconces and Dressing Glasses; and by the Levant, Capt. Parsons, and the Restoration, Capt. Thomas, just arrived from Bristol, ——— 30, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 200, 240, nails; 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12 window glass in ¼ and ⅓ boxes; No. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 shot, three balls and bar-lead; knives and forks, curteau and penknives, razors, scissars, snuff boxes, glass limbs, shoe and knee buckles, iron and brass wire, bars of copper, blister'd and cast steel, sheet iron; boxes of tin and rivets, pewter dishes, plates and basons of all sizes; long and short pipes, 5-8, 4-4, and 12-8 cotton and linen checks; Irish linens and sheetings, white and brown Russia drilling, Russia sheeting and toweling; Bristol shoes by the trunk, clouting diaper and table cloths of all sizes, Scots snuff in bladders, Scots and Wilton carpets and carpeting; all of which he will dispose of on easy terms for cash, credit or country produce. 35 38

PERTH-AMBOY.
LATELY ERECTED,
And as soon as the Season will permit, will be opened,
A NEW and CONVENIENT
BATH,

IN which is a Room properly constructed to undress and dress in, with a Stair-Case leading into the Bathing Room, where Persons of either Sex may bathe in Salt-Water, in the greatest Privacy; and for those that choose to swim off into deeper Water, a Door is so placed in the Bath, that they can conveniently go out and return.

The Building is near the End of a Wharf opposite to the Bay: This Bath will be more beneficial, as at about two Miles Distance is a Mineral Water, similar to the German Spaw, which hath proved of the greatest Efficacy in many Disorders; its proper Distance procuring moderate Exercise after bathing, has proved in many Instances very assistant to the Medicinal Quality of the Waters; which with great Success have been dissected, after bathing in Sea Water. The Qualities of this Spaw have been well examined by several Physicians of Ability, and frequently recommended by them, particularly by the present Doctor Johnston, as well as his Father.

N. B. *Genteel Lodgings can be procured in several private Families.* 34 37

JAMES NIXON,

Has moved his Shop to Mr. Cornelius Sebring's, in Wall Street, four Doors above Pitt's Statue, and by the last Vessels from London, received an extraordinary good Assortment of

HAT trimmings with linings of all colours, looping, bands, buttons, verdigrise, seal-skins; gold and silver lace, buttons, bands and loops newest and genteelest patterns; stockings and stocking breeches patterns; Russia drills and sheeting, white fine jeans, Damascusse, peelongs, Persians, silk handkerchiefs, shags, shammy skins, threads, ribbons, tapes, twist and buttons of all sorts; oil cased, bound and plain hats; best battle powder in pounds, oil flints, shot, and a neat and good eight day clock, with other goods as usual, wholesale and retail.

N. B. In order to quit business as soon as may be, the public may depend that none will undersell him, the goods being all well laid in from different manufactories; and he desires the favour of those indebted, to make immediate payment to prevent trouble.——Hatters, taylors and stay-makers, &c. will be supplied on much lower terms than usual. 34 37

ISAAC ADOLPHUS,
At BURLING's-SLIP,

HAS for Sale, very fine Taunton Ale, and best Bristol Beer, in Bottles, by the Cask, or single Dozen; also North-River Butter by the Firkin. 5—

TO BE SOLD,

A House and lot of ground in Queen-Street, Cowfoot-Hill, the lot in front is 20 feet wide, and 120 feet long. The house is two stories high, has seven fire places, a good tea-water pump and cistern in the yard, is pleasantly situated, in a healthy part of the city, on a very public street, being convenient for any public business.—For particulars inquire of Derrick Amerman, *living near the premises, or of the owner,* Samuel Dodge, *at Poughkeepsie, who will agree on reasonable terms, and give an indisputable title for the same.* 34 37

TO BE SOLD,
By HAYMAN LEVY,
In *BAYARD-STREET*,

A Choice parcel of beaver and old coat raccoon skins, which can be sold very cheap, dear skins, both Indian dress'd and in the hair, best brown martin skins, &c.

Russia sheeting and ravens duck.

Oil flints of the first sort, some bear skins, with sundry other articles, as usual. 8—

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising the sum of £.360 for the benefit of St. Peter's church, on the manor of Cortlandt, near Peek's Kill, in the province of New-York.

				Dollars.
1	Prize	of		1,000
1	Do.			500
1	Do.			250
2	Do.	100		200
4	Do.	50		200
8	Do.	20		160
20	Do.	10		200
565	Do.	6		3390
602	Prizes			5900
1398	Blanks	First drawn		30
		Last drawn		30
2000	Tickets at 3 Dollars each are			6000

15 per Cent. deduction from the prize Tickets.

The congregation of St. Peter's, after having struggled hard for the establishment of the ministry of God's holy word and ordinances amongst them, find themselves under an absolute necessity of requesting the kind assistance of the charitable public. This they are the more encouraged to solicit, as the sum wanted is but small, and as the laudable purpose to which it is to be applied, will thereby be accomplished.

The drawing of this lottery will commence on Monday the 20th of July next, (or sooner if full) under the management and inspection of several gentlemen of known probity in this city, after which a list of the fortunate numbers will be published in this paper.

Such prizes as are not demanded within 6 months after the drawing, will be esteemed as generously given for the use above-mentioned. 3d ——

Tickets to be had at Mr. Rivington's, and at the Printer's hereof.

WATCHES,
HORIZONTAL, REPEATING, or PLAIN;
CLOCKS,

ASTRONOMICAL, Musical or Plain, with Weights or Springs, repaired, as cheap as by any Person in this City, by JAMES YEOMAN, (at the Sign of the White Dial), nearly opposite the Merchant's Coffee-House) who received his Instructions in the Business from the ingenious Mr. Neale, (whose great Knowledge in Mechanics was well known) he can with Propriety declare himself a *real* Manufacturer, having had the Government of a large Manufactory from its Infancy to its Maturity, one Hundred Miles from London.

The above is not the Result of Vanity or Parade, for should it be doubted, proper Testimonials shall be produced, to prove the Assertion.——As it is the sole Wish of the said James Yeoman, to obtain favour, only proportioned to the Knowledge he has, and the Satisfaction he affords in his Business,—on those foundations he submits his Reputation, as an Artificer, to the Judgment of the Impartial. —27

WATCHES.

GLASSES, fitted for One Shilling, cleaning Two Shillings, mending a broken Spring or Chain Two Shillings, a new Chain or Spring Six Shillings, or Eight Shillings, enamell'd Dial Plate Six Shillings; every particular Article in repairing at HALF the Price charged by any Other——and as a Proof of Workmanship and Fidelity, no future Charge; as by being indulged to Charge often Occasions Persons not qualified to practice in this Business, and some may think they injure themselves, by not leaving Watches in such Condition, to cause Expence hereafter.

☞ Such Alterations which don't engage much Time, gratis.

J. SIMNET, WATCH-FINISHER, and Manufacturer, of London,
At the Black Dial, *with a* White Post, *the last Shop, aside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York.* 24—

HATS
MANUFACTURED by the Advertiser, to exceed in Fineness, Cut, Colour and Cock; and by a Method peculiar to himself, to turn rain, and prevent the Sweat of the Head damaging the crown——Such Gentry and others, who have experienced his Ability, 'tis hoped will recommend.

NESBITT DEANE.

☞ Encouragement to those who buy to sell again.
Aside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York. 9—

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

[*Left out of our last for want of Room.*]

LONDON.

March 20. Judge Aston, in a late charge to the grand jury of Middlesex, recommended it to them to inquire particularly into all places of publick entertainment, that had a manifest tendency to corrupt the morals of the people; when a juryman said, that he intended to advise his brethren to present the Pantheon and the Soho Assembly, as places that came under that description, and asked his Lordship if he would lend them his assistance.

March 24. It is confidently asserted, that a patent is preparing to appoint the Solicitor General Lord High Chancellor of England.

March 26. A compromise is talked of about the Marriage Bill, which is, that if the pride of Government is saved by the carrying it through, it will certainly be repealed next winter.

Advice has been received from Turin, that his Sardinian Majesty has been lately seized suddenly with a fit of the palsy, at his palace of Veneria, about six miles from Turin, where he was attended by his Physicians.

They write from Lisbon, that a Danish man of war took fire at sea about 30 leagues from that Port, and all the crew were either drowned or perished in the flames.

March 27. A correspondent has just favoured us with the secret causes, which facilitated the treaty of peace concluded at the Russian head quarters at Jassy, between the Czarina and the Porte.

The Sultan, alarmed at the destruction of —— in the Archipelago, and the subsequent total defeat of his armies on the Danube, dispatched, as the last resource, an agent to the court of Vienna. This officer arrived, as early as the 15th of October 1790, and privately delivered his credentials to the imperial Court. A treaty was immediately entered upon; the chief article of which was, that the Emperor, in consideration of a subsidy of one million five hundred thousand pounds, was to send thirty thousand of his best troops down the Danube, to join the scattered remains of the Ottoman army. To expedite the departure of the troops, five hundred thousand pounds were paid in jewels into the hands of the treasurer; and orders were soon after issued for several regiments to rendezvous on the Danube.

The Emperor either was a stranger to the internal state of his own country, or his avarice induced him to overlook it. A series of bad seasons had almost introduced a famine into the hereditary dominions, and even the neighbouring countries of Germany felt an unusual scarcity of grain from the same cause. It was difficult to maintain the troops even in their cantonments: To form magazines for an army in the field was impossible. A message of excuse was immediately sent to Constantinople; and the Divan, who promised to themselves a fortunate issue to a disastrous war, were thrown into the utmost perplexity. The officer who was employed in this secret embassy, was called before the Sultan, who, in his eagerness for availing himself of the great power of his new ally, remitted by the officer another third of the subsidy, to buy corn at any price. This last supply was productive of no beneficial consequences; Grain could not be produced at any price; but the money was reserved for a future occasion.

The excise revenue for Great-Britain amounted last year to upwards of four millions sterling.

March 29. The king of Prussia, who reads all the English Papers, was very much offended at a paragraph which insinuated, that he was at the bottom of the Danish revolution. He has authorized his ambassador in London to declare in every company the falsehood of the insinuation.

The French forces have found themselves obliged to return home from their islands of Mauritius and Bourbon, for want of provisions. The fortifications of Pondicherry are in no repair; and the few troops that were there have deserted.

In the month of July last a French ship came into the road of Madrass. The commander was in debt, and he mortgaged his vessel for a part of her value to obtain money to clear himself. Mr. Whittle, a member of the council, was the person who advanced the money, to the amount of 4000 pagodas; he therefore sent a person aboard the ship to take charge of her till he was paid, and the mortgage redeemed. The Frenchman went, a few nights after, on board, and slipping his cable, went out to sea. Mr. Whittle upon this applied to Sir John Lindsay, who gave an armed force, under Mr. Whittle's direction. The party consisted of an officer and twelve men. They set out in a vessel, overtook the ship upon the high seas, boarded her, and struck the French colours. Mr. Law, and all the French in India, consider this as a declaration of hostilities, there being goods on board the ship belonging to merchants in Pondicherry. The correspondence is hot between Admiral Harland and the French Governor. The court of France are informed of the whole, in the most striking colours; and if the French have really any designs on the East-Indies, this will serve them as a plausible pretext.

The directors of the East-India company, to alleviate the distresses of their subjects, ordered, two years ago, an European servant to superintend the collections in the different Perguannahs. The cure was worse than the disease. These servants not only added to the oppressions by punishments, but even ruined the country, by monopolizing even the necessaries of life. It was from this circumstance that the late famine, in a great measure, proceeded.

A correspondent has favoured us with the following particulars of a barbarous murder committed on monday night the 30th ult. near Dundalk:—A farmer who resides in the neighbourhood of Dundalk, being at the market of that town, met with an old acquaintance, a serjeant in the army, with whom he spent the day, and was prevailed on by the serjeant to stay and sleep with him that night; but being much terrified about mid-night with a frightful dream, he arose, and accompanied by the serjeant, who was armed with a case of pistols, proceeded home; when the first objects that presented themselves were his wife and two daughters lying weltering in their blood, with their throats cut, and otherwise cruelly used, and three villains plundering the house. On the murderers finding themselves discovered, they attempted to escape, but two of them were immediately shot dead by the serjeant, and the other taken, who is since lodged in Dundalk goal. On examination, they proved to be the man of the house where they lay, and his two sons.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) *April* 18.

The Modeste man of war, which arrived at Port Royal on Friday last, from a cruise, was, we hear, near being lost; for going down on the main, to the leeward of Carthagena, she unfortunately touched upon a reef, where she beat her false keel off, and was obliged to throw several of her guns and stores overboard, but luckily, after continuing there near forty hours, she got off; and what is more agreeable to relate, they, by aid of a new refracting instrument, invented by their ingenious and worthy commander, got their guns, stores, and even their false keel aboard. So that we hope to see it recorded in the future annals of naval history, that Captain Wheelock, of his Majesty's ship of war, the modeste, was the first commander that entered a port with his keel on his deck.

BOSTON, May 11.

We are informed, that a fine addition has been lately made to the noble Library of Harvard-College by Thomas Palmer, Esq; a young Gentleman who lately received his education in that university, and has since made the Tour of France and Italy. It consists of an "Account of the Pictures, Statues, "&c. found among the ruins of Herculaneum." This work was published a few years since, by order and at the expence of the King of Naples; and has been with eagerness sought after by most respectable literary Societies in Europe; but was not to be procured without great difficulty. The ancient city of Herculaneum stood at the foot of Mount Vesuvius, and was destroyed by an Eruption of that Vulcano 1700 years ago; supposed to be the same as that in which Pliny the natural Historian perished. Being buried at a great depth, it remain'd unknown till about 50 years ago. Since the discovery, the search in it for antiquities has been carried on by the Government at an immense expence; and a vast number of Statues, and Instruments of various kinds brought to light: and, what is more extraordinary, Pictures, the colours of which are as fresh as if but newly painted.—— Of all these curious remains of Antiquity, which fill fourteen large apartments, there are elegant engravings in the work now mentioned, accompanied with particular explanations, and illustrated with learned notes.———Mr. Palmer sent at the same time, a complete set of the Views, Sections, and Elevations of all the remaining Roman Grandeur, and of the most magnificent modern Structures, now seen in and about the City of Rome. This Work is said by Connoisseurs to be executed with an Elegance and Exactness to satisfy the most curious Observer, The whole Donation consists of twenty large Volumes in Folio, It was accompanied with a fine Painting of the last Eruption of Vesuvius, in 1767.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.

Extract of a letter from Chester County dated May 21.

"On Saturday last as Henry Philips and Richard Kelly, two labouring men, were at work together, on the plantation of Mr. David Davis, in Tredyffrin township, in this county, a quarrel happened between them, in which the latter struck the former, who thereupon went home, and told Mr. Davis, his employer, that Kelly had struck him, and that he was determined to go to a Justice and get a warrant for him. Mr. Davis advised him to stay until morning, and, in the mean time, consider of it, (expecting by that time his passion would subside); on which Philips took a gun, charged it, went to the woods where Kelly was, and shot him dead on the spot. He then returned, and desired Mr. Davis to bind him, for that he had killed Kelly. At first his information was discredited, as he had always borne the character of a harmless fellow; but on finding it to be true, he was secured and committed to Chester gaol. The Coroner's Inquest brought in their verdict *Wilful Murder*."

WILLIAM USTICK,

At the sign of the lock and key, between Burling and Beekman's slip; has just imported in the last vessels from London and Bristol;

A Very large and universal assortment of ironmongery, cutlery and jewelry;—amongst which are, nails of all sorts; blacksmiths, shoemakers and joiners tools; pots and kettles; iron 56 lb. 28 lb. 14 lb. 7 lb. weights; dye stuffs and press paper, sithes and sickles; cotton cards, &c. All which he will sell at the lowest rate. 34 37

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from his bail on Monday last, one JACOB VAN DERVOORT, of King's county Nassau Island, a shoemaker by trade, of a middling stature, black hair, much pitted by the small-pox in his face, and one of his legs much thicker than the other; when he went off he had on a blue cloth coat, nankeen waistcoat and breeches, and took with him his working tools. Whoever will secure the said JACOB VAN DERVOORT, and bring him to the subscribers, or one of them, or give information so that he may be apprehended, shall have the reward of FIVE POUNDS, besides all reasonable charges and expences, paid by the said subscribers,

JAQUES DENYSE Junr,
AUTGERT VAN BRUNT, Sheriff.

34 37.

THOMAS HAZARD,

Has just received by the last Vessels from London and Bristol, a general Assortment of Ironmongery and Cutlery, which he will sell very low for Cash or short Credit, at his Store, within four Doors of Mr. Hugh Gaine's Printing-Office; also the undermentioned Articles, viz.

SEVEN by nine glass
Nails
Blister'd steel
German do.
Crawley's do.
Bristol do.
Brass kettles
Anvils
Beck-irons
Sad do.
Taylors do.
Frying-pans long and short handles
Warming-pans
Iron tea kettles
Copper do.
Sheet iron
Sheet lead
Large hooks and hinges for large doors
Sithes—Sickles
Guns—Gun barrels
Swords
Holster pistols
Pocket do.
Shot moulds
Bullet do.
A great variety of furniture for desks, &c. &c.
Sheep shears
Garden do.
Press paper
Writing do.
Blank books
Bibles
Testaments
Spelling books
Primmers
Quills
Ink-powder
Wafers
Fish skins
London glue
Rotton stone
Allum.
Copperas
Snuff
Large and small looking glasses
Dressing box do.
Wool cards
Cotton do.
Brilliant stones for jewellers
Red and white foil
Chapes and tongues
Moulding sand
Emery
Sand paper
Saddle fringe
Saddle orris
Saddle clothing
Fans
Pins
Needles
Scale-beams
Straw knives
Lead and iron weights
Brass wire
Iron do.
Hatters trimmings
Hatters brushes
Shaving cases
Oil stones
Rag do.
Sand do.
Hones
andirons
Shovels and tongs
Spades
Shovels
Mill-saws
Whip do.
Cut do.
Crucibles
Blue pots, &c. &c.
Cockle sieves
Verdigrise
Crocus Martis
Salt petre 34 37

JOHN J. ROOSEVELT,

Has for Sale at his Store in Maiden-Lane, the following Articles, imported in the last Vessels from Europe,

THE most elegant and extensive variety of pictures ever imported into this place, one print in particular (with a very handsome frame and glass) of Regulus opposing the intreaties of the Roman Senate, importuning him not to return to Carthage, price £.14.

N. B. This piece, the death of General Wolf, and several others, are copied from the original paintings of the celebrated Mr. West of Philadelphia.

A large assortment of Looking Glasses, Sconces and dressing Glasses

A variety of cut and plain decanters
Wine glasses
Ale glasses
Salts
Fruit plates
Salad bowls
Castors
Jelly glasses
Soy cruets
Carroffs
Wine and water glasses
An elegant assortment of burnt china jars, and beakers
Fruit baskets
Butter tubs
Sauce boats
Pickel leaves
Milk pots
Plates
A large assortment of japan'd tea boards
Tea chests
Tea urnes
Bread baskets
Plate warmers
Sugar tongs
Bottle stands
Plated do.
Iron chests
Variety of paper hangings
Writing paper
Sealing wax
Wafers
Ink powder
Pocket books
Kites-foot tobacco
Long and short pipes
Long glased do.
6 by 6, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, 10 by 12, 10 by 14, 12 by 16, 11 by 13, 12 by 16, 13 by 16, best crown window glass
White lead ground in oil
Dry ditto
Spanish brown ground in oil
Dry do.
Yellow oaker ground in oil
Dry do.
Verdigrise ground in oil
Red lead
Vermilion
Prussian blue
White vitriol
Litharge
Umber
Gold leaf
Whiting
Painting brushes
Best pencils
Linseed oil
Spirits of turpentine
Harlem oil
Sweet oil
Double and single refin'd loaf sugar
Lump do.
Chocolate
Spices, &c. &c. 44 37

IMPORTED in the last vessels from London, a large assortment of jewellery of the neatest and newest fashions; also best plated buckles, best and common pinchbeck do. steel chains and sword do. enamell'd and paper snuff boxes, tooth-pick cases, plated spurs, steel cork screws, black and red lead pencils, best and common hard metal sleeve buttons, &c. to be sold by

BENNETT and DIXON,

JEWELLERS, GOLDSMITHS and LAPIDARIES, From LONDON;

Who make Ladies set shoe buckles, ear-rings, aigrets, sprigs and hair pins, seals, necklaces, combs, crosses and lockets, sleeve buttons and bracelets, &c. gentlemen's set shoe knee and stock buckles; seals, broaches, buttons and rings, &c. The above articles done in the neatest and best manner, and sold as cheap as in London, wholesale and retail.

N. B. Mourning rings, plain or set, with any kind of stone with hair work'd in landskips, sprigs, plates or any device required, with the utmost expedition; likewise cut rubies, sapphire, topaz, amethyst, garnet, crystal, &c. Foils and stones of all sorts for jewellers. 33 8

Most money for old gold, silver, and clear crystal.

☞ Two 'prentices are wanted to the above business.

FRANCIS LEWIS and Son,

Have brought over with them from England,

A General Assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season; most of which they purchased immediately from the Manufacturers, and will sell at the most reasonable Terms, at their Store in Queen-street, near the Fly-Market, lately occupied by Mr. John Morton. 31——tfstf

To be SOLD,

At the ALMS-HOUSE,

OAKUM, Candle-Wick, Shoe Thread, and Garden Greens.

READY MONEY will be given for OLD JUNK, by

ALEXANDER FORBES,
Keeper of the Alms-House. 33 36

NOTICE to the PUBLIC,

THAT THE

UNIVERSAL STORE

OF

GERARDUS DUYCHINCK,

At the Sign of the

LOOKING GLASS and DRUGGIST POT,

IS removed to his Dwelling-House, next but one from the Corner of the Old Slip, now occupied by Henry Will, Pewterer, having also replaced the Sign of the LOOKING GLASS and DRUGGIST POT, from thence back of his said Dwelling-House, in Little Dock-street, between the Widow Duyckinck and Richard Ten Eyck, Baker, being one and the same Store, running back from Street to Street.

He has imported from London and Bristol, by the last Vessels,

A large Assortment of GOODS,

such as have not been imported to this City before,——being a curious Assortment of valuable Goods, viz.

Looking Glasses, Sconces and Dressing Glasses;

Pictures of all Sizes and Sorts,

particular capital Prints which cost for engraving from one to three hundred Guineas.

China and cut white Flint Glass,

A large and beautiful Assortment.

ALSO,

A large Assortment of DRUGS,

With every Article connected therewith:

And also in those sundry Branches, as

PAINTERS and LIMNERS COLOURS,
DYERS and FULLERS COLOURS,
WINDOW GLASS of all Sizes,
With COACH and PLATE GLASS.
FOUNDERS and SMELTERS ARTICLES,
JEWELLERS STONES, &c.
HATTERS TRIMMINGS.

Table Knives and Forks, a complete Assortment.

London and hard Metal PEWTER,

SHEET LEAD,
Ditto Brass,
Ditto Copper,
Ditto Tin,
Ditto Iron,
} In Boxes, Rolls, and Bundles.

STEEL of different Sizes and Marks,
NAILS and Shot of all Sizes.
WRITING PAPER all Sizes.

ALSO, an Assortment of

Paper Hangings and Carpeting.

DISTILLERS ARTICLES.

SPICERY.——SNUFFS.

And a Variety of other Articles for Country Stores, and the Army, too tedious to mention, which he will dispose of on the most reasonable Terms.

THE BREWERY of Mrs. Elizabeth Rutger's is now carried on by Abraham Walton. Orders for Beer, left with Mr. John Oakley, at said Brewery, will be punctually observed.

New-York, 27th May, 1772. 34 37

John Keating,

AT HIS

PAPER MANUFACTORIES,

At and near New-York, makes

ALL sorts of paper and paste board, viz.

Brown, whited brown, Blue, and grey } Waste or wrapping paper, different sizes,
Purple sugar loaf, Cartridge and press } Paper
Printing and writing paper of various sorts and sizes
Paste board of all qualities and sizes

Which are to be sold at the lowest prices, at his store in Queen-street, near Burling's-slip, where he gives the best prices for Linen Rags, according to their quality and fineness.

When it is considered that the above paper and other articles manufactured here, make a clear saving to this country or all the money that would have been sent out to purchase them from abroad, it is hoped that all those who really wish to promote the interest of America, and of this country in particular, with which their own interest is closely connected, will contribute their aid to the success of this undertaking, which cannot be effectually done without a constant care in saving and supplying him with those linen rags, which are generally destroyed or thrown AWAY as useless, tho' they are absolutely necessary to a paper manufactory, which cannot be carried on without them.

To add to the difficulty of procuring a sufficiency of rags, considerable quantities have been collected here and sent to other colonies, whereby their manufactories have been supplied, to the injury of our own, with this material article: And tho' the legislature have not yet thought proper to prohibit the exportation of it, yet it is hoped a due regard to their own interest will incline the inhabitants of this country to supply a manufactory among themselves, preferably to those of another colony.

N. B. Good encouragement will be given to journeymen paper-makers. 32——

TO BE SOLD,

A Roomy commodious House in King-Street now in the Tenure of Captain Alexander M'Donald, and nearly opposite the Widow Reade's. For further Particulars inquire of James Lawrence, John Burt Ling, or Joseph Allicocke.

N. B. The House is in good Repair, and in a remarkable good Stand for a Merchant. 33 36

SAMUEL TUDER,

Has received by the last Vessels from London, and which he will sell exceeding cheap, wholesale and retail, at his Store, at that Door but one to James Jauncey's, Esq; the following Articles;

SINGLE and double refin'd loaf sugar
Cinnamon, cloves, mace
Nutmegs
The best Turkey figs,
Jar and cask raisins
Prunes, currants
Soft shell almonds
Mustard—Sweet oil
Oatmeal—Pearl barley
Scotch barley
Powder blue
Excellent cheese
Porter
Isinglass
Kites-foot tobacco

Also has for SALE,

Hyson, shoushong, and bohea tea—Coffee, chocolate,—Best old spirits, brandy, Geneva, arrack, Port, Teneriff and Madeira wines; tobacco, Scotch and rappee snuff—Playing cards, bitters, &c. &c. with almost every article in the Grocery way, too many to mention. 34 37

To be SOLD CHEAP,

A Likely, handy, industrious Negro Wench, about 30 Years of Age, has had the Small-Pox and Measles:—She was brought up in the Country, understands very well the Management of a Dairy, and can do all Sorts of House Work. Any Person inclining to purchase her may apply to the Printer. 34 37

The CO-PARTNERSHIP of HENRY REMSEN and Company,

Being expired by the Death of Hendrick Remsen,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO all persons indebted to the said Co-Partnership, on bond, note, or book, that they pay the same to Henry Remsen; and those who have any demands, will please to send in their accounts.—Those indebted to the estate of Hendrick Remsen, deceased, are requested to pay the same to Joris Remsen; and if any have demands on said estate, they are desired to call on him for payment.

The stock of goods on hand, at the store of Henry Remsen, in Hanover Square, will be sold at a very low advance, in order to close the sales,—most of them are fresh goods, suitable for the present and approaching season, viz.

A Good assortment of purple and other calicoes, Chintzes,
Common and fine India chintz,
Furniture callico and chintzes
Black and coloured taffeties,
Black and coloured Persians,
India damasks, and paduasoy,
Coloured mantuas
Black grogram and lutestring,
Black plain sattin and peelong
Figured sattin and modes,
Black and coloured narrow Persian,
Black and coloured plain mode,
Allamode and sarsnet,
Cambricks and clear lawns,
Long lawn and pistol lawn,
Poplin, striped and flowered muslins;
Tabling diaper and damasks,
Clouting diaper,
Black and white cyprus gauze
A large assortment of ribbons,
Sewing silks, and silk cord,
Scots, darning, and coloured threads,
Marseles quilting, counterpains,
Mathand and women's crape,
Bombazeen, silveret, and mist-finet,
Women's and men's cotton, thread & worsted stockings,
Barragon, serge denim,
Plain & flowered everlasting,
Dorsetteen and broad cambrics
Wilton's and German serge,
Harrateens and cheneys,
A large assortment of cotton and linen checks, and
Furniture checks,
Irish and German linens,
Irish and Russia sheeting,
Osnaburgs and Tickleburgh
Black and coloured gauze handkerchiefs,
Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats,
Bordered Cheating handkerchiefs,
Black and brown russel,
Dutch lace, chelloes,
Bickertoy and cotton romalls,
Black satinet and cantoons,
Jeans, fustians and pillows,
New silk and lungee romals,
Flowered and spotted bandannoes,
Women's and men's gloves and mitts, worsted and silk mitts,
Knives and forks,
Penknives and other cutlery,
Glass, Nails,
Scithes, and pewter,
A large assortment of shoe and knee buckles,
Men's and boy's castor and felt hats,
Sailors bound hats,
Printed and other linen handkerchiefs,
Pins, needles,
Thimbles, ivory combs
Nutmegs, cloves, mace and Cinnamon,
Pepper by the bale,
Shoe, quality and coat binding,
Taper, chip hats, playing cards,
Brown buckram, gilt trunks,
Pasteboards,
Snuff and tobacco boxes, and Pewter spoons,
Blank books, writing paper,
Holland quills, inkpowder,
Black and white cap lace,
Black gimp and fringe,
Bed bunts and bedticks,
Basket and other buttons,
silken hair, and twist,
Bobbin, non-so-pretties,
Children's Morocco shoes and pumps,
Waters, ferrets, stay laces,
Glass beads,
Bibles, testaments,
Psalters and spelling-books,
Calamancoes, durants,
Tammies, shalloons and Ratteinets of all colours,
Long ells and serges,
Broad cloths of most colours and prices, and
A variety of other woolens,
Harlem stripes, cotton gowns,
Stripe silk Damascus and other stripes for summer vests,
With a variety of other articles.

ALSO,

A small Parcel of genuine Teneriff WINE, in pipes or quarter casks. 26—

A few dozens of the best COTTON and WOOL CARDS.

IT is proposed that the Lottery for the Benefit of the Dutch Church at Harlem, will commence drawing, in New-York, on the 22d of June next. Orders for Tickets, left with Messrs. Cornelius P. Low, Abraham Duryee, or Abraham Brasher, will be forwarded. It is to be hoped that few Tickets will remain on Hand at the Time appointed; if there should be any, those who may have them, are desired to return them a few Days before the Drawing commences.

New-York, 27th May, 1772. 34 37

WILLIAM DEANE Coach-maker,

INFORMS the public in general and his customers in particular, that he carries on his business as usual in Broad-street—where he makes all sorts of coaches, landeaus, phatons, curricles, chairs and chaises; likewise all sorts of harness and saddlers work, as also painting, guilding and japanning in the neatest and most elegant manner.—And as he finishes all carriages whatever in his own shop without applying to any other.—He is likewise determined to make them as good, sell them as cheap, and be as expeditious as there is a possibility—And to convince the public of the truth of what he asserts, he will make any piece of work that is required equal to any imported from England, and will sell it at the prime cost of that imported, by which means those who are pleased to favour him with their custom will save the freight, insurance, and the expences naturally attending in putting the carriages to rights after they arrive—And as a further inducement, he will engage his work for a year after it is delivered, that is, if any part gives way or fails by fair usage, he will make it good at his own expence. Those advantages cannot be obtained on carriages imported. He has now a considerable stock of the best of all materials fit for making carriages.——For the above reasons, he most humbly requests the encouragement of the public, which will be most gratefully acknowledged by him.

Said DEANE paints and repairs all manner of old work very reasonably, and has for sale just finished, a new phaton, and four new chairs, 34 37

THE *Subscribers, being much encouraged, propose to erect a Stage Waggon to drive from Sag Harbour, on Long-Island, to Brooklyn Ferry, once every Week in Summer, and once a Fortnight in the Winter Season. The Stage will set out from Brooklyn Ferry, with Passengers, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning of Monday the 4th of May, and will that Night put up at Samuel Nicoll's, on Hempstead Plains, where a Waggon will be ready for their Reception on Tuesday Morning, to carry them to Epinetus Smith's, of Smith-Town, and there exchange Passengers; and then proceed to Benjamin Havens's, at St. George's Manor; and on Wednesday Morning will set out from thence for Sag Harbour, where a Passage Boat will be ready to carry all Passengers to New-London; likewise Stages are established in the different Towns in Connecticut and Rhode-Island Governments, to carry Travellers to Boston. Terms for Passage, are as follow,*

From Brooklyn Ferry to Samuel Nicoll's, 9s. each Person.
From Samuel Nicoll's to Epinetus Smith's, 4s.
From Epinetus Smith's to Benjamin Havens's, 4s.
From Benjamin Havens's to Nathan Fordham's, 6s.
Goods per Hundred, 1 Penny per Mile.
And Baggage as usual.

Thus a Passenger may, in three Days, be conveyed 120 Miles on a pleasant Road for 18s. in a convenient Waggon, and met with the best Entertainment. 'Tis intended the Waggon shall come once a Fortnight by Islip.

SAMUEL NICOLLS,
BENJAMIN HAVENS,
NATHAN FORDHAM.

34 37

ROAD LOTTERY,

FOR raising the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, to be applied in erecting bridges and in repairing the post road leading from Powles-Hook ferry to the city of Albany, through the counties of Bergen, Orange, Ulster and Albany.

The SCHEME.

Prizes.				Dollars.
1	Of	300	is	300
1	Of	200	—	200
4	Of	70	—	280
8	Of	25	—	200
20	Of	10	—	200
40	Of	5	—	200
50	Of	4	—	200
2242	Of	3	—	6726
	First drawn,	14	—	14
	Last drawn,	14	—	14
2366 Prizes,				
3190 Blanks,				
5556 Tickets, at 7½ Dollars each, is				8334 Dollars

Not one blank and a half to a prize.

This Lottery has been some time in hand, and has met with great encouragement, great numbers of the tickets being already sold, and many more engaged: The drawing will peremptorily begin the first day of July next, in Kingston, Ulster county, under the inspection of gentlemen of that town, who will see strict justice done; and that the profits of said lottery is laid out on the post road leading through the above mentioned counties, and that in proportion to the tickets sold in each county: It is hoped, in as much as there can be made a fine coach road from the above said ferry to the city of Albany, all gentlemen travellers and others, will encourage the above scheme. The prizes, for conveniency to the purchasers of the tickets, will be paid by such persons who sells the tickets, who are to retain the money in their hands for the same purpose. The above lottery subject to fifteen per cent. deduction. Tickets to be had of the Printer hereof.

May the 1st, 1772. 31——

To be SOLD or LET,

And entered upon when required,

THE dwelling house and improvements in the occupation of CREAN BROWN, situate in the upper end of the Broadway, opposite the Fresh Water Pond. The house is neatly finished, and very convenient for a gentleman's family; it is pleasantly situated, commanding an agreeable prospect of the city and parts adjacent; the garden belonging to the house is well fenced in, and is laid out and planted with a sufficient number of fruit trees and flowering shrubs; a road passing the front of the house and garden, will be opened in the spring to Greenwich lane, which will afford a pleasing variety. For particulars, enquire of the said CREAN BROWN, on the premises.

☞ N. B. The ground whereon the above improvements are made, containing five lots, will, together with the improvements, be sold on the most reasonable terms; for particulars enquire of Mrs. Barclay, or of Leonard Lispenard and Golesbrow Banyar, Esqrs;

If not sold at private sale before the 23d day of June next, the house and other improvements will on that day be set up to be sold at public vendue, at the merchants coffee-house.

Sundry articles of household furniture, consisting of looking glasses, mahogany chairs, dining, card and tea tables, pictures, &c. &c. will be sold at private sale, at the premises any time before the said 23d of June. 28-37